

SERIE 2 CORRECTION

3APIC

EXERCICE 1 :

Réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = 2 + 4(x-2) - 3(x-2) \quad ; \quad B = 2x + x - (5x - 3x) \quad ; \quad C = -x^2 - 5x^2 + 7x^2 + 3x^2$$

$$D = 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x^2 + 2x^2 - 6x^3 \quad ; \quad E = -7x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x - (-7x^3 - 5x^2)$$

CORRECTION :

$$A = 2 + 4(x-2) - 3(x-2) = 2 + 4x - 8 - 3x + 6 = x - 8 + 8 = x$$

$$B = 2x + x - (5x - 3x) = 2x + x - 5x + 3x = (2 + 1 - 5 + 3)x = x$$

$$C = -x^2 - 5x^2 + 7x^2 + 3x^2 = (-1 - 5 + 7 + 3)x^2 = (10 - 6)x^2 = 4x^2$$

$$D = 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x^2 + 2x^2 - 6x^3 = (8 - 6)x^3 + (-6 + 4 + 2)x^2 = 2x^3 + 0 \times x^2 = 2x^3$$

$$E = -7x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x - (-7x^3 - 5x^2) = -7x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x + 7x^3 + 5x^2 = 3x$$

EXERCICE 2 :

Réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = 7x - 5x + x - 2x \quad ; \quad B = 2x - 7x + 4x - 3x + x \quad ; \quad C = 2x + x - 5x + 3x$$

$$D = -x^2 - 5x^2 + 7x^2 + 3x^2 \quad ; \quad E = 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x^2 + 2x^2 - 6x^3 \quad ; \quad F = 4x^2 + 4x - 5x^2 - 7x + 3x$$

CORRECTION :

$$A = 7x - 5x + x - 2x = (7 - 5 + 1 - 2)x = x \quad ; \quad B = 2x - 7x + 4x - 3x + x = (2 - 7 + 4 - 3 + 1)x = 3x$$

$$C = 2x + x - 5x + 3x = (2 + 1 - 5 + 3)x = x$$

$$D = -x^2 - 5x^2 + 7x^2 + 3x^2 = (-1 - 5 + 7 + 3)x^2 = (10 - 6)x^2 = 4x^2$$

$$E = 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x^2 + 2x^2 - 6x^3 = (8 - 6)x^3 + (-6 + 4 + 2)x^2 = 2x^3 + 0 \times x^2 = 2x^3$$

$$F = 4x^2 + 4x - 5x^2 - 7x + 3x = (4 - 5)x^2 + (4 - 7 + 3)x = -x^2 + 0 \times x = -x^2$$

EXERCICE 3 :

Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = 2(3x - 0,5) - 6x \quad ; \quad B = 2x - 5 - 5(0,4x - 1) \quad ; \quad C = 8(1 - x) - 4(2 - 2x)$$

$$D = 2(x - 5) - 5(0,4x - 1) \quad ; \quad E = -3(x - 1) + 5(x - 1) \quad ; \quad F = 4(x - 2) - 5(x - 1)$$

CORRECTION :

$$A = 2(3x - 0,5) - 6x = \cancel{6}x - 1 - \cancel{6}x = -1 \quad ; \quad B = 2x - 5 - 5(0,4x - 1) = \cancel{2}x - \cancel{5} - \cancel{2}x + \cancel{5} = 0$$

$$C = 8(1 - x) - 4(2 - 2x) = 8 - 8x - 8 + 8x = 0$$

$$D = 2(x - 5) - 5(0,4x - 1) = 2x - 10 - 2x + 5 = \cancel{2}x - 10 - \cancel{2}x + 5 = -5$$

$$E = -3(x - 1) + 5(x - 1) = -3x + 3 + 5x - 5 = (-3 + 5)x + 3 - 5 = 2x - 2$$

$$F = 4(x - 2) - 5(x - 1) = 4x - 8 - 5x + 5 = (4 - 5)x - 8 + 5 = -x - 3$$

EXERCICE 4**Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :**

$$A = (x-2)(2x-3) \quad ; \quad B = (3x+1)(x+3) \quad ; \quad C = (x-1)(x+4)$$

$$D = (4x+1)(2x-1) - (8x-2)(x+0,5) \quad ; \quad E = (4x+1)(x-3) - (2x+1)(2x-3)$$

CORRECTION:

$$A = (x-2)(2x-3) = 2x^2 - 3x - 4x + 6 = 2x^2 - 7x + 6 \quad ; \quad B = (3x+1)(x+3) = 3x^2 + 9x + x + 3 = 3x^2 + 10x + 3$$

$$C = (x-1)(x+4) = x^2 + 4x - x - 4 = x^2 + 3x - 4$$

$$D = (4x+1)(2x-1) - (8x-2)(x+0,5) = 8x^2 - 4x + 2x - 1 - (8x^2 + 4x - 2x - 1) = 8x^2 - 2x - 1 - (8x^2 + 2x - 1)$$

$$= 8x^2 - 2x - 1 - 8x^2 - 2x + 1 = -4x$$

$$E = (4x+1)(x-3) - (2x+1)(2x-3) = 4x^2 - 12x + x - 3 - (4x^2 - 6x + 2x - 3) = 4x^2 - 12x - 3 - (4x^2 - 4x - 3)$$

$$= 4x^2 - 12x - 3 - 4x^2 + 4x + 3 = -8x$$

EXERCICE 4**Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :**

$$A = (2x-3)^2 - 3(-2x+3) \quad ; \quad B = (3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+1) \quad ; \quad C = (3x-4)(3x+4) + 16$$

$$D = (2x-1)^2 - 4x(x-1,5) \quad ; \quad E = -(2x+1)^2 - (1-2x)(1+2x)$$

CORRECTION:

$$A = (2x-3)^2 - 3(-2x+3) = (2x)^2 - 2 \times x \times 3 + 3^2 + 6x - 9 = 4x^2 - 6x + 9 + 6x - 9 = 4x^2$$

$$B = (3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+1) = (3x)^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 2 + 2^2 - 12x - 4 = 9x^2 + 12x + 4 - 12x - 4 = 9x^2$$

$$C = (3x-4)(3x+4) + 16 = (3x)^2 - 4^2 + 16 = 9x^2 - 16 + 16 = 9x^2$$

$$D = (2x-1)^2 - 4x(x-1,5) = (2x)^2 - 2 \times 2x \times 1 + 1^2 - 4x^2 + 6x = 4x^2 - 4x + 1 - 4x^2 + 6x = 2x + 1$$

$$E = -(2x+1)^2 - (1-2x)(1+2x) = -(4x^2 + 4x + 1) - (1 - 4x^2) = -4x^2 - 4x - 1 - 1 + 4x^2 = -4x - 2$$

EXERCICE 5 :**Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :**

$$G = 3x - 2 \times 3,5 - 2(1,5x - 7) \quad ; \quad H = 3(x-2) - 2(1,5x - 2) \quad ; \quad I = 2x(x-2) - 4(0,5x^2 - x)$$

$$J = (x-2)(x+2) - (x-1)(x+1) \quad ; \quad K = (x+2)^2 - (x-2)^2 \quad ; \quad L = (x+3)^2 - (x+2)(x-2) - 13$$

CORRECTION:

$$G = 3x - 2 \times 3,5 - 2(1,5x - 7) = 3x - 7 - 3x + 14 = 7 \quad ; \quad H = 3(x-2) - 2(1,5x - 2) = 3x - 6 - 3x + 4 = -2$$

$$I = 2x(x-2) - 4(0,5x^2 - x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 2x^2 + 4x = 0$$

$$J = (x-2)(x+2) - (x-1)(x+1) = x^2 - 4 - (x^2 - 1) = x^2 - 4 - x^2 + 1 = -3$$

$$K = (x+2)^2 - (x-2)^2 - 13 = x^2 + 4x + 4 - (x^2 - 4x + 4) = x^2 + 4x + 4 - x^2 + 4x - 4 = 8x$$

$$L = (x+3)^2 - (x+2)(x-2) - 13 = x^2 + 6x + 9 - (x^2 - 4) - 13 = x^2 + 6x + 9 - x^2 + 4 - 13 = 6x$$